

Age of the Cotehardie



Evolution



1340s – 15th century



Basic Cotehardie Facts

- ❖ Time Period: 1340s – 15th century
- ❖ Locations: England, France, Italy, Spain,
Northern Europe (so pretty much
everywhere!)
- ❖ Other Terms:
 - ❖ Women's: Cotte, Kirtle, Gothic Fitted Dress
 - ❖ Men's: Pourpoint
- ❖ Worn by all classes



Sources



Sources





Women's Cotehardies

Buttoned vs. Laced



Sleeves: Short/Long



Sleeves: Tippets and Buttons



How Supportive



Neckline



Men's Cotehardies



Hemlines!



Buttons



Neckline





Construction/Techniques

Material

❖ Linen

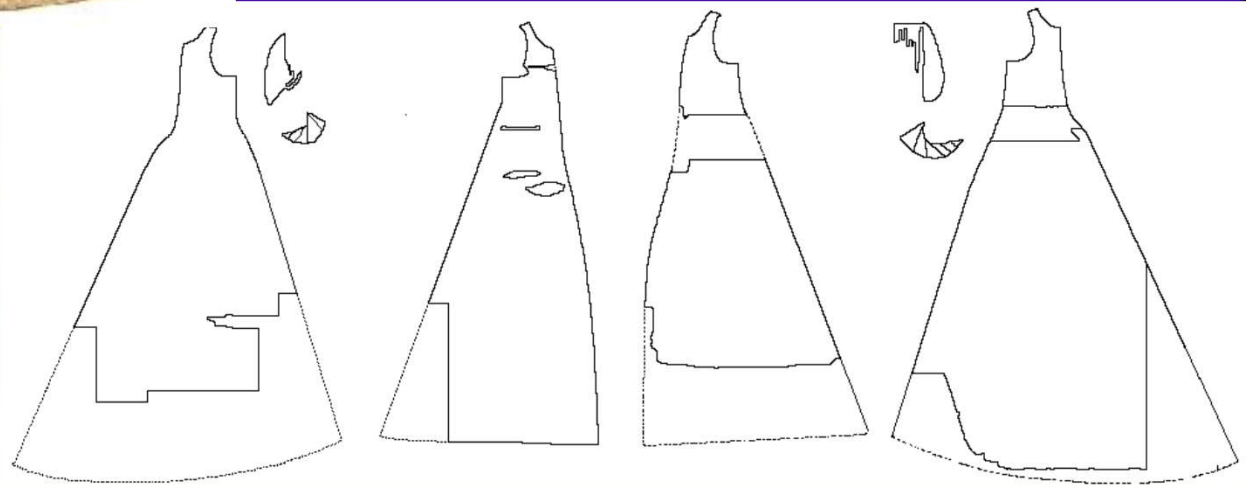
❖ Wool

❖ Silk

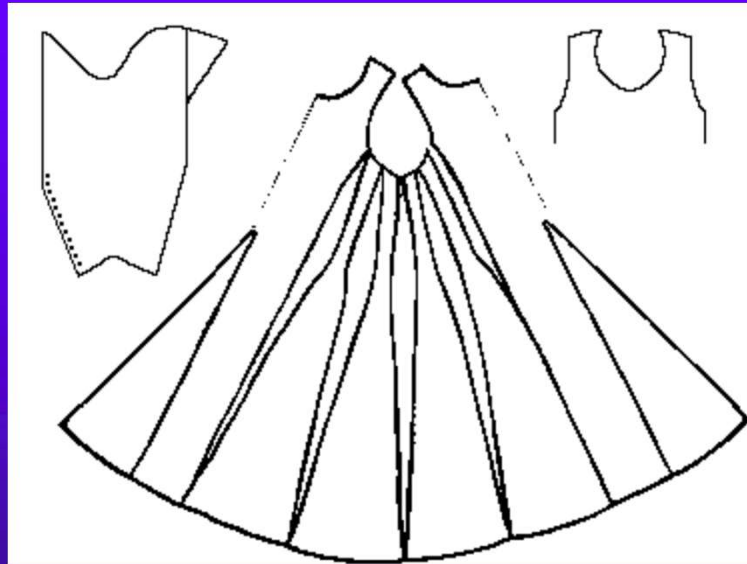
❖ Brocade

Extant Examples

Uppsala gown

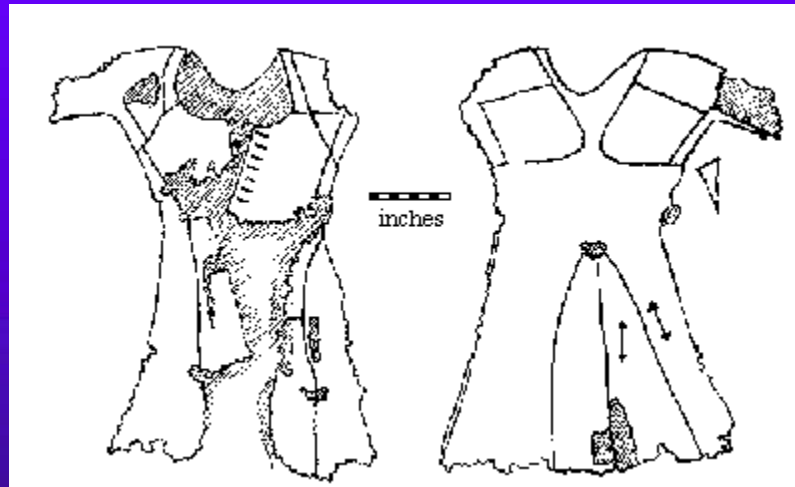


Extant Examples



Herjolfsnes no.41

Extant Examples



Moy Gown

Princess Seams



Back and Waistline



Decoration



Particolored

Decoration



Fabric



Decoration



Buttons, Embroidery, Tippets,
Heraldry



Decoration

Borders



Underwear

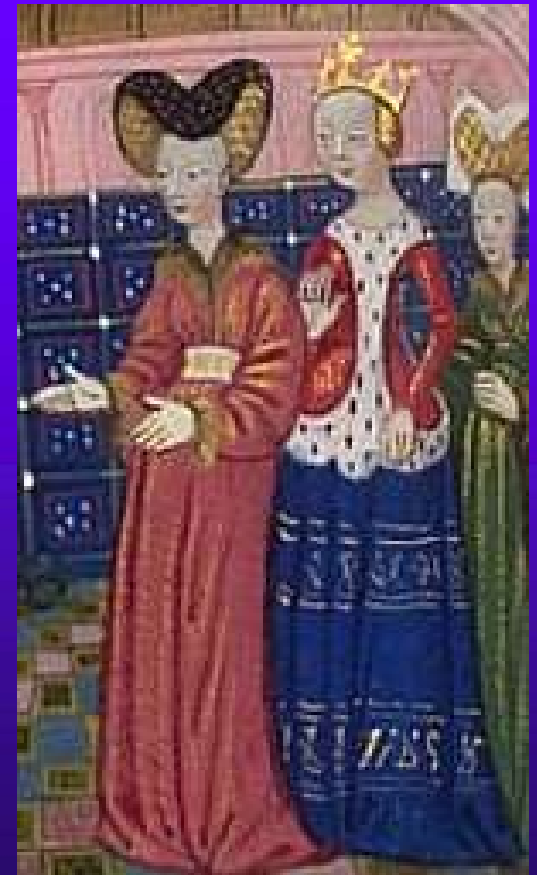




Accessories

- ❖ Hats/headress
- ❖ Coronets
- ❖ Veils
- ❖ Hoods
- ❖ Belt
- ❖ Purses/Pouches
- ❖ Rings
- ❖ Chains of estate

Evolution to Other Styles





References

- ❖ Stella Mary Newton
 - ❖ Fashion in the age of the black prince
- ❖ Hand sewing techniques:
 - ❖ <http://heatherrosejones.com/archaeologicalsewing/index.html>
- ❖ Costly Thy Habit:
 - ❖ <http://www.mathildegirlgenius.com/DocsArticles.htm>
- ❖ La Cotte Simple:
 - ❖ <http://www.cottesimple.com/>
- ❖ Some clothing of the Middle Ages:
 - ❖ <http://www.personal.utulsa.edu/~marc-carlson/cloth/tunics.html>